

MR. J. E. GREENLEASE.

A Progressive Afro-American Now in Havana, Cuba, with Governor-General Brooke

The many friends of Mr. J. E. Greenlease, formerly of this city, but now the chef of Governor General Brooke of Havana, Cuba, will be glad to learn of his success in his new field of labor. He has been in Havana now over one year, and has been advanced a number of times by Gov. Brooke on account of his efficiency and adaptability to the new conditions there.

Mr. Greenlease will be best remembered by Washingtonians as a very popular waiter, chef and caterer in this city. He has served some of the best people of the nation, and was for a number of years associated with the late Edward Savoy, with Messrs. Gray



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& Costley at Old Point Comfort, and a number of successful young men who are now in business for themselves in this and other cities. It was a happy selection when Gen. Brooke secured the services of Mr. Greenlease.

Americans in Cuba have learned, even in their short stay there, how to appreciate the cuisine and service of the American chefs. Mr. Greenlease was considered not only very fine, but the best terrapin cook in New York City, and is endorsed by such men as Mr. Anderson Cammack, J. Lewis Fitzgerald, Col. James B. Fossitt, John R. Dosposso, L. R. Jerome, E. K. Willard, Col. James B. Ochiltree, Fred. Gould, W. R. Travers—all of New York City. In Philadelphia he is known by such men as Mr. Clayton McMichael of "The North American," and Mr. Lovejoy. In Chicago, in Baltimore and in Washington, the leading men know of his efficiency as a master of the cuisine. On several occasions Mr. Cammack has sent to Washington from New York for Mr. Greenlease to come to that city just to cook one dish of terrapin, paying his fare both ways and for all services.

It is said that one time the famous John Chamberlain sent one of his waiters to try to get the recipe from Greenlease to cook terrapin that way, but he could not purchase it at any price. This took place while he had charge of the Brakers' Club, nearly opposite Chamberlain's, on 15th street. This was the recipe of Augustine, Philadelphia's once famous caterer.

Terrapin is the costliest dish that is served on the American table, and they have sold as high as \$130 per dozen. At one time when Mr. Greenlease was with A. C. Givaudan, the French caterer, Mr. Edward Savoy, Washington's leading public waiter at that time, who had served all of the best dinners from the White House down, and would

sometimes have several dinners the same night, said in the kitchen of the Turkish Minister one night, "Greenlease, my boy, you have got the best chance of your life to be a great cook—the chance that no other colored boy has ever had that I know of."

The first position Mr. Greenlease had after he had finished his trade was with Minister Polo, the representative of Spain at Washington. The minister wanted a French cook. At that time cooks were not so plentiful as they are today, and he sent the lad, Greenlease, to fill in until he could get a cook. The Minister looked at his youthfulness and said, "My boy, I don't think you will suit me, but you can give us the breakfast at 12 o'clock." After that, one day he told Givaudan that the "boy" would do, and the "boy" stayed with him until the Minister was recalled.

"When once given a trial he filled the bill." In every position he has ever been called to accept he has given a full measure of satisfaction. Mr. Greenlease once went to a hotel in New York City where they wanted a cook; all the cooks were white. The chef sized him up and said in French that he must be a "steamboat," like the rest of the darkies; but nevertheless he told him to come in in the morning and he would give him work for a few days. So he arrived at the appointed time, and was shown the coat-room where the cooks kept their belongings. When he came into the kitchen the cooks and the Irish kitchen girls stared at him, and one of them remarked, "What's tha?"

The chef says: "This way; here's the lunch bill. I want you to work on this, and when you get through, let me know."

Now, the work that was given to him is the work to test the qualifications of a cook to fix the soups, sauces and entrees. He made the two soups, pure Mongola and bouillon, Canape Lorenzo, Scotch woodcock, Salisbury steaks, sauces, Montagos and apricots with rice a la colbert. When Mr. Greenlease had finished, the chef said to the second cook, "He is a cook," and they wanted to get rid of him as soon as possible. As soon as the rush was over he was to go. Now this part of the cooking is the second cook's work but sometimes the chef helps if he feels like it. One of the waiters was a friend of Mr. Greenlease, having waited with him at Saratoga, and this waiter waited on the proprietor. The family always came in late, just about the time the doors were closed, and then the waiter would have to catch up what he could; but, Mr. Greenlease, having an eye to business, would always fix up a dinner and have a roast capon or something nice, which perhaps was not on the bill of fare, and the waiter would say, "the colored cook fixed this" and by so doing he won the favor of the proprietor. One night the proprietor sent for Greenlease to come up to his private office. While there he had a long talk. He wanted to know where he had worked, etc., After Greenlease had told him, he said to Greenlease, "I want to make a change in my cooks and do you think you can get enough competent colored cooks to run this house?" Greenlease replied that he thought he could. So he said "these cooks go away about the 20th of June for the summer but the chef always leaves a few here until he comes back. When he gets ready to go I will tell him to take all of his cooks with him." In a few days the chef says, "Things are getting slack. You need not come in the morning." So Greenlease was then put off and had twenty days to

A NOTED JUDGE SAVED BY PERUNA.

Had Catarrh Nine Years—All Doctors Failed.



HON. GEORGE KERSTEN, OF CHICAGO.

Hon. Geo Kersten, a well-known Justice of the Peace of Chicago, says: "I was afflicted with catarrh for nine years. My catarrh was located chiefly in my head. I tried many remedies without avail. I applied to several doctors, but they were not able to cure me. I learned of the remedy, Pe-ru-na, through the daily newspapers. After taking the remedy for 18 weeks I was entirely cured. I consider my cure permanent, as it has been two and a half years since I was cured."

The Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Pe-ru-na. He keeps it continually in the house. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman he says:

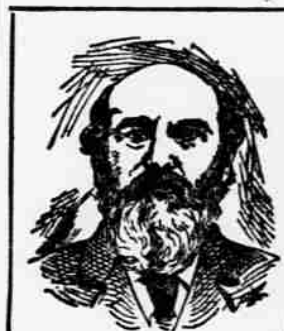
"I have had occasion to use your Pe-ru-na medicine in my family for colds, and it proved to be an excellent remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments."

Yours very truly, W. M. Lord."

Pe-ru-na is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Letters of congratulation and commendation, testifying to the merits of Pe-ru-na as a catarrh remedy are pouring in from every State in the Union.

Dr. Hartman is receiving hundreds of such letters daily. All classes write these letters, from the highest to the lowest.

Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well-nigh universal; almost omnipresent. Pe-ru-na is the only absolute safeguard known. A cold is the beginning of catarrh. To prevent colds, to cure colds, is to cheat catarrh out of its victims. Pe-ru-na not only cures catarrh, but prevents it.



Mr. Joseph Westbrook, of St. Edward, Neb., says: "I use Pe-ru-na in my family for all little ailments and it has never failed me yet."

Bernard King, National Military Home, Leavenworth, Kan., also says: "I will write you a few lines for publication to make known what Pe-ru-na has done for me. I took a severe cold, which I neglected. It developed into catarrh and bronchitis and in a short time became chronic. I tried everything I saw advertised, which did me no good. I saw the great tonic (Pe-ru-na) advertised. I bought one bottle. I found myself so much better after taking it I wrote you for advice, which you kindly continued to give me free of charge for five months. Now I am happy to inform you and the public that I am perfectly cured of catarrh and bronchitis. I make this statement in hope that some of my comrades will see it and be benefited thereby."

Using Pe-ru-na

to promptly cure colds, protects the family against other ailments. This is exactly what every family in the United States should do. Keep Pe-ru-na in the house. Use it for coughs, colds, la grippe, and other climatic affections of winter, and there will be no other ailments in the house. All families should provide themselves with a copy of Dr. Hartman's free book, entitled "Winter Catarrh." This book consists of seven lectures on catarrh and la grippe delivered at the Surgical Hotel. It contains the latest information on the treatment of catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.



Mr. Ed. Larson, Et-na, Ind., Lake county, says: "When I began taking Pe-ru-na I was suffering from catarrh of the nose and throat. I used two bottles of Pe-ru-na and it cured me. I have not been bothered with catarrh since and that was eighteen months ago."

enough to have themselves born boys instead of girls, or who took the trouble to be born white instead of black. Even if it be true that the majority of American women are so ignorant of the full significance of their political disfranchisement that they are willing to remain in subjection, such ignorance and

apathy could not justly be used as an argument in favor of perpetuating a system of injustice. Neither could it by any feat of logic or legerdemain of reason be construed as an argument

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